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09/786,362	06/25/2001	George M. Grass	109904-00028	6261
	7590 04/02/2007 ner Plotkin & Kahn	EXAMINER		
Suite 600 1050 Connecticut Avenue NW Washington, DC 20036-5339			CLOW, LORI A	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)

6) Other: _

DETAILED ACTION

Applicants' arguments, filed 12 January 2007, have been fully considered. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Claims 1-3 and 5-17 are currently pending. Claim 18 is withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 2/27/03. Claim 4 has been cancelled.

Claim Objections

Claims 1, 5, 6, and 15 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 1 recites, "generating an *in vivo* absorption **profile**" and later recites, "based on the generated *in vivo* absorption **profiles**". Applicant is requested to correct the plural/singular relationship.

Claim 5 recites, "physiological barriers to absorption **or** a mammalian". The claims should be corrected to read "physiological barriers to absorption **of** a mammalian".

Claim 6 recites, "of the mammal system", "of said mammal system", and "segments of said mammal system". For consistency in all claims, claim 6 should be amended to recite "mammalian system".

Claim 15 recites, "**the** method of claim 2 or 6". The claim should be corrected to read, "**The** method" (capitalize the word The).

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-3 and 5-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1 and 5 recite, "generating an *in vitro* absorption profile for each of said test samples from initial dose data". It is unclear from where or what the dose data comes. Is the dose data from doses administered to the test samples, for instance or from some other source? Clarification is requested.

Claim 1 recites, "generating an in vivo absorption profile". However, there are no steps to "generate" a profile, only steps that "characterize" a profile, which is not the same as "generating". Therefore, it is unclear how this profile is generated. Clarification is requested.

Claim 1 recites a step of "selecting a desired *in vivo* absorption profile". It is unclear if this is the same absorption profile from the step of "generating a profile" or a different profile. Further, it is unclear what constitutes a "desired" profile. Clarification is requested.

Claim 1 recites, "generating a secondary compound library comprising test samples having the desired absorption profile". It is unclear as to what constitutes a "desired profile". Clarification is requested.

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Claim 1 recites a final step of "based on the generated *in vivo* absorption profile...". It is unclear what this step has to do with the recited preamble of "a methods of screening a compound library". Clarification is requested.

Claim 7 recites, "wherein permeability rate data and transport mechanism data are derived". There is insufficient antecedent basis for rate data or transport mechanism data. Clarification is requested.

Claim 8 recites, "solubility rate data and dissolution rate data". There is insufficient antecedent basis in the claim for rate data in the claim. Clarification is requested.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

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A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-3 and 5-17 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9 of U.S. Patent No. 6,996,473. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the instant claims include all of the limitations set forth in claims 1-9 of 6,996,473. '473 is drawn to a method for screening a compound library or portion thereof by absorption. The instant claims are drawn to a method for screening a compound library or portion thereof by absorption. '473 includes providing a computer-implemented phamakokinetic tool comprising an input/output system and a physiological model of a mammalian system of interest; the model comprises a selected adjustment parameter and the parameter comprises a value obtained by assigning an initial value and inputting data for a plurality of compounds into the model and running the model to generate an output; comparing the output with second data for the plurality of compounds; reducing the deviation; replacing the value with a new value; providing *in vitro* permeability and solubility data fro test samples to the tool; providing dose data; generating a

predicted *in vivo* absorption profile for the test samples; and based upon the profiles, producing a secondary compound library (claim 1).

Claims 1 and 2 of the instant application are drawn to the same limitations as set forth in claims 1, 2, and 8 of '473. The instant claims do not specifically recite "an adjustment parameter". However, it would have been prima facie obvious to one of skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the adjustment parameter of '473 in the method of the instant claims to account for the physiological barriers and determine the absorption profile. One would have been motivated to do so because the '473 specification defines the parameter for the purpose of adjustment of physiological segments (column 10).

Claims 3, 4, 5, and 7 of '473 are the same as claims 7, 8, and 12 of the instant claims.

Claim 6 of '473 is the same as claim 13 in the instant claims.

Claim 9 of '473 is the same as claim 17 in the instant application.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Inquiries

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technical Center 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technical Center 1600 via the PTO Fax Center. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notices published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1988), 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 1993), and 1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (See 37 CFR § 1.6(d)). The Central Fax Center Number is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lori A. Clow, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0715. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 10 am to 6:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Irem Yucel can be reached on (571) 272-0781.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to (571) 272-0547.

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March 22, 2007 Lori A. Clow, Ph.D.

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Let Examine